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Nursery Curriculum

2024 / 2025

Sandbach Primary Academy

Planning a sequenced curriculum to ensure all children make progress and are ready for the next stage of their education.

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| **EYFS:** Nursery  **2024 to 2025*****New EYFS Framework***  |
| **Age Related Expectations** *\* Teaching and learning to be differentiated through short term planning, driven by assessment**Consolidation and revisit of key skills, knowledge and understanding through continuous and enhanced provision* |
| **Area of Learning** | **Autumn 1** | **Autumn 2** | **Spring 1** | **Spring 2** | **Summer 1** | **Summer 2** |
| **EYFS Theme**  | **All About Me**  | **Autumn /** **The Woodland**  | **Winter Time**  |  **Growing**  | **Lifecycles**  **/ Mini-Beasts**  | **Journeys** |
| **Planning around a quality text:** *To be chosen following children’s interests.* | Product ImageProduct Image  | See the source image |  | Jasper: Jasper's Beanstalk: Amazon.co.uk: Nick Butterworth, Mick Inkpen:  9780340945117: Books |  | A cover of a book  Description automatically generated |
| **Linked texts** Fiction Non-fiction – *John Schnidel ‘Busy’ series* Traditional tales Diversity | □ Who are you? □ My Hair – Hannah Lee □ Baby Goes to Market □ A Handful of Buttons – Carmen Parets □ We All Belong – Nathalie Goss □ Amazing Me Sing – Carol Thompson □ The Gingerbread Man □ Wash Your Hands □ Colours – Percy the Park Keeper □ My First Body □ Busy Kittens □ The Babies and Doggies □ The Babies and Kitties □ Wind – Carol Thompson □ Kipper’s Birthday | □ Amazing Me Music – Carol Thompson □ What can you see in Autumn □ Autumn – Allie Busby □ Wind – Carol Thompson □ Owl Babies □ Wind – Carol Thompson □ Busy Piggies □ Busy Baynard □ That’s Not My Hedgehog □ Nativity  | □ Winter – Allie Busby □ Polar Bear, Polar Bear – What do you Hear? □ Say Hello to the Snowy Animals □ We are Going on a Bear Hunt □ Amazing Me Dance – Carol Thompson □ Curious about snow □ Snow – Carol Thompson □ What’s the weather? □ Busy Penguins □ Busy Bear Cubs □ Why Should I Brush My Teeth □ Baby’s First Chinese New Year □ Busy Chinese New Year  | □ Other Daisy Books □ The Enormous Turnip □ Duck – Teressa Bellon □ Busy Chickens □ I Went Walking □ Busy Barnyard Lulu Loves Flowers – Anna McQuinn  | □ Other Daisy Duck Books □ The Ugly Duckling □ Duck – Teressa Bellon □ The Very Busy Spider □ The Odd Egg □ Busy Chickens □ Summer – Allie Busby  | □ The Train Ride □ Transport flip and flap book □ Duck in a Truck □ My mum is a Supermum □ My Mummy is a Firefighter □Ten little superheroes □ Amazing Me Dress Up – Carol Thompson □ People who help us – Police □ People who help us – Fireman □ People who help us – Ambulance drivers  |
| **Linked rhymes / songs**  | □ If You Are Happy and You Know It □ Head, Shoulders, Knees and Toes □ Two Little Eyes to Look Around …. □ Doctor Foster □ Ms Polly Had a Dolly □ I have a Pet – Super Simple □ When Cats Get up in the Morning – Super Simple □ Happy Birthday | □ One Little Owl □ I Can Sing a Rainbow □ Five Little Leaves □ Autumn Leaves are Falling Down □ Rain, Rain, go Away □ I Hear Thunder □ What’s the weather? □ Christmas songs | □ Five Little Penguins □ Row, Row, Row Your Boat □ Rub-a-Dub-Dub □ Five Littles Fishes □ One, Two, Three Once I Caught a Fish Alive □ I Had a Little Turtle □ Five little snowmen □ I’m a little snowman □ Snowflake, Snowflake | □ My Garden □ Five Little Seeds □ Five Little Peas □ Spring is Here □ Jack and Jill | □ Five Little Ducks □ I’m a Real Spring Chicken □ Chick, Chick, Chicken □ Five Little Birds □ Old McDonald Had a Farm □ Mr Sun □ Incy Wincy Spider  | □ The Wheels on the Bus □ Five Little Flying Saucers □ John Brown Had Little Motor Car **□** A Sailor Went to See **□** Ten Little Firefighters **□** Five Police Officers |
| **Key Person Group Bear – Home visits / trips**  |
| **Occupations**  | * Nursery / school staff
* Doctor
 | * School staff
* Farmer
 | * Zoo keeper
 | * Farmer
 | * Vets
 | * Bus / train driver
* Lollypop person
* Police and traffic wardens
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| **Linked Role Play** Indoors and outdoors Home corner / bike track | * H/C – new baby
* B/T – travelling to the shops
 | * H/C – celebrations
* B/T – post box and deliveries
 | * H/C – cleaning and washing
* B/T – animal rescue
 | * H/C – cooking
* B/T – café
 | * H/C – new puppy
* B/T – carwash
 | * H/C – holiday time
* B/T – police and traffic wardens
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| **Trips/Visitors**Enrichments  | **Visitor:** * School nurse
* Photographer

**Trip:*** Walk around school grounds
 | **Experience:** * Bread Making
* School Christmas performances

**Visitor:** * Percy the Park Keeper [ tree planting]
* School caretaker

**Trip:*** Autumn walk – school grounds
* Walk - post box
 | **Videos:** * Penguins / sea creatures
* Monterey Live Webcam

**Experience:** * Making pancakes

**Trip:** * Winter walk – school grounds
 | **Experience:** * Growing seeds

**Trip:*** Visit to the farm
* Visit to school vegetable patch
 | **Experience:** * Caterpillars

**Trip:*** Spring walk
* Minibeast hunt
 | **Video:*** Monterey Live webcam

**Visitor:** * Police
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| **Celebrations / Festivals / Special Events**  | * Birthdays
* Grandparents Day (3rd October)
 | * Harvest Festival
* Nursery Rhyme week – 15th November
* Bonfire Night
* Diwali – November
* National Tree Week (29th Nov – 3rd Dec)
* Hannukah
* Christmas
 | * National story telling week 31st January
* Chinese New Year– 1st Feb
* Holi – March
 | * World Book Day – 3rd March
* Mother’s Day – 27th March
* British Science Week – 14th March
* Eid-al-Fitr – 22nd April
* Easter
 | * Mental Health Awareness Week
* Father’s Day – 19th June
 | * World Ocean Day – *8th June*
* Father’s Day – 19th June
* Wimbledon
* Tour De France
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| **Characteristics of Effective Learning ……** *to be embedded through all areas of learning* **…** *creating powerful learners and thinkers*  |
| **Playing & Exploring**  | * Realise that their actions have an effect on the world, so they want to keep repeating them.
* Plan and think ahead about how they will explore or play with objects
* Guide their own thinking and actions by talking to themselves while playing
* Make independent choices
* Do things independently that they have been previously taught
* Bring their own interests and fascinations into early years settings. This helps them to develop their learning
* Respond to new experiences that you bring to their attention
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| **Active Learning**  | * Participate in routines, such as going to their cot or mat when they want to sleep.
* Begin to predict sequences because they know routines
* Show goal-directed behaviour
* Begin to correct their mistakes themselves
* Keep on trying when things are difficult.
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| **Thinking and Creating Critically**  | * Take part in simple pretend play
* Sort materials
* Review their progress as they try to achieve a goal. Check how well they are doing.
* Solve real problems
* Use pretend play to think beyond the ‘here and now’ and to understand another perspective
* Know more, so feel confident about coming up with their own ideas. Make more links between those ideas.
* Concentrate on achieving something that’s important to them. They are increasingly able to control their attention and ignore distractions.
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| **COMMUNICATION & LANGUAGE:** □ Listening, Attention & Understanding □ Speaking |
| **Educational Programme:** The development of children’s spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children’s back-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, story-telling and role play, where children share their ideas with support and modelling from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures. |
| **Autumn**  | **Spring**  | **Summer**  |
| **Learning Priorities:** Linked to Development Matters  |
| **Listening, Attention and Understanding** * **Pay attention** to one thing at a time
* Listen 1:1 to develop independence within daily routine
* Participate in short multi-sensory Key Person group time
* **Enjoy listening to stories** and begin to remember much of what happens
* Listen to short stories with illustrations / props / sounds
* Recall key events / name key characters
* Begin to join in text retell - repeated refrains / some actions
* Follow an **instruction with one part**
* Linked to: □ daily routine □ Key Person group activities
* Special events: □ Autumn Walk □ school photograph
* Understand some **simple prepositions** – *on / in / up / down*
* *Understand* ***simple questions*** *about ‘who’, ‘what’ and ‘where’*
* Getting to know: □ one another □ new learning space □ daily routine □ learning choices
* Recount of events: □ own experiences □ visitors □ trips
* Begin to understand some **‘why’ questions** - own experiences
* Autumn time / family events / special nursery events
* Begin to listen to others in small group activities

**Speaking** * Begin to use a wider range of **vocabulary**
* Linked to: □ daily routine □ relationships □ themes
* Learn **new rhymes** and begin to develop a repertoire of songs
* Join in with actions / props
* Fill in some missing words
* Begin to talk about likes / dislikes
* Begin to **talk about a familiar book** one-to-one
* Comment on an illustration [ what can you see]
* Favourite character / part … *character / event*
* Likes / dislikes
* Develop communication, begin to **use different tenses**
* Begin to speak in **simple sentences of 3/4 words**
* Begin to **start a conversation** with an adult / friend
* Begin to use talk to organise selves / play
 | **Listening, Attention and Understanding** * Enjoy **listening to stories & remember much of what happens**
* Participate in small story group times
* Through questioning recall key story events
* Join in with simple text retelling using actions / words
* Begin to **shift attention from one thing** to another when needed and given a prompt
* Begin to understand and follow a **two-part instruction**
* Linked to: □ daily routine □ small group activities
* Understand some **‘why’ questions**
* Within child-initiated learning
* Song / story time
* Begin to show an understanding of some **prepositions**
* Follow some simple instructions – *next to / under*
* Begin to use language of prepositions – *on / in / up / down*
* Listen to others in a small group with support

**Speaking** * Use a wider range of **vocabulary**
* Linked to: □ daily routine □ themes
* Continue to develop and sing a **repertoire of songs**
* Sing a range of rhymes/songs as part of a group
* Talk about a familiar book and begin to tell a simple story
* Using illustrations / props □ name main characters □ sequence main events
* Continue to develop communication: □ **use future and past tense** (not always correctly) □ being to use longer sentence of 4/6 words □ begin to join sentences with ‘and’ □ start a conversation with an adult / friend and begin to continue it with many turns □ use talk to organise selves / play
* With support begin to **retell a simple past event** in correct order
* Express a **point of view**: ■ likes ■ dislikes e.g. *story / event*
 | **Listening, Attention and Understanding** * Enjoy **listening to longer stories** (with increased attention) and can remember much of what happens
* Can answer a range of questions (who, what, where and why) with relevant comments. With support begin to use full sentences when giving responses.
* **Shift attention** from one thing to another with prompt
* Understand and follow a **two-part instruction** across the day
* Across the daily routine with confidence and independence
* Understand and respond confidently to simple **‘why’ questions**
* Within a range of contexts across the daily routine
* With support begin to answer using some full sentences
* Show an understanding of some **prepositions**
* Within instructions – *behind / in font of*
* Use language of prepositions – *next to / under*
* **Listen to others in a small group**, turn taking with use of prop e.g. talking when holding the teddy bear

**Speaking** * User a wider range of **vocabulary** in a range of contexts
* Linked to: □ daily routine □ themes □ key knowledge
* Sing a large **repertoire of songs**
* As part of a group / independently
* **Talk about a familiar book** and tell a longer story
* Talk about characters / main events / likes / dislikes
* Develop communication: □ begin to use a wider range of tenses (some correct) □ use longer sentences of 4 / 6 words □ join sentences with ‘and’ / ‘because’ □ start a conversation and continue it, turn taking – be a good listener
* Use talk to: □ **Retell a simple past event** in correct order □ organise self □ Express a viewpoint – likes / dislikes
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| **PERSONAL, SOCIAL & EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT:** □ Self-Regulation □ Managing Self □ Building Relationships |
| **Educational Programme:** Children’s personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives, and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others. Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confidence in their own abilities, to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies, including healthy eating, and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life. |
| **Autumn** | **Spring**  | **Summer**  |
| **Learning Priorities:** Linked to Development Matters  |
| **Self-Regulation** * *Show ‘effortful control’*
* With support **follow the daily routine** [ group times / CP]
* Play with others, begin to share resources / begin to turn take
* Begin to talk about **feelings** … *happy / sad* / *because*
* Show / imitate different emotions and label
* I am happy / sad
* Begin to show awareness of how others might be feeling
* Offer comfort to a child who is upset / laugh with others
* Identify feelings of main characters in texts, looking carefully at illustrations
* Begin to recognise that some actions can hurt the feelings of others
* Identify action that made someone else upset
* With support begin to find solutions to some conflicts
* Sharing resources / taking turns e.g. bike track

**Managing Self** * Show interest in a **range of experiences**, indoors and outdoors
* Familiar and some new
* Begin to select and use continuous provision resources, with help when needed … *resources*
* Make independent learning choices … *learning / play*
* Put resources back in right place once used
* With support begin to follow classroom routines and rules
* Begin to be independent within **self-care routines**
* Toileting / Handwashing / Snack time / Outdoor time – getting ready, putting on coat

**Building Relationships** * Begin to **play with one or more other children**
* Child-initiated learning / small group activities
* Begin to see themselves as part of a community
* Key Person group / nursery / family
 | **Self-Regulation** * Talk about **feelings** using words like ‘happy’ and ‘sad’ and begin to use other words
* I am *angry / worried / scared*
* With support begin to understand and talk about how others might be feeling and the reasons why
* Friends - …. is happy / sad because …
* Main characters in stories - …. is happy / sad because …
* With support begin to talk with others to **resolve conflicts**
* Turn taking … *your turn / my turn*
* Begin to help to find solutions to conflicts and rivalries. *For example, accepting that not everyone can be Spider-Man in the game, and suggesting other ideas*
* Turn taking … *your turn / my turn*
* Sharing … *one for you / one for me*

**Managing Self** * Begin to select and use activities and resources to achieve a **set** **goal**
* Initiate own activities / adapting as required (with support)
* Demonstrate interests
* Settle to an activity of choice for some time
* Increasingly follow classroom routines and rules (with reduced practitioner guidance)
* Develop **independence** **within self-care routines** - □ toileting □ getting dressed to go outside – coat / hat

**Building Relationships** * **Play with one or more other children**
* Activity of choice / small guided group activities
* Take part in pretend play with one or more children
* See themselves as part of a community
* Talk about: ■ own family ■ nursery class
* Begin to share and take turns with others
* Begin to extend and elaborate play ideas with others
 | **Self-Regulation** * Talk about **feelings** using a range of words
* I am *worried / careful / brave / proud*
* Begin to understand how others might be feeling
* Links to R.E curriculum (friendship / special times)
* Help to find solutions to conflicts and rivalries
* Use words to talk to others about wants / needs
* Develop appropriate ways of being assertive
* Turn taking / sharing resources within provision
* Through stories e.g. *Rainbow Fish*

**Managing Self** * Select and use activities and resources, with increasing independence, to **achieve own set goal / given goal**
* Introduction of one Weekly Challenge
* Settle to an activity for some time, **sustained learning**
* Adult-led and child-initiated
* Increasingly **follow rules**, understanding why they are important
* Following visuals
* Begin to talk about reasons for some rules
* Be increasingly independent in meeting own care needs
* Make **healthy choices** about food, drink, activity and toothbrushing [ linked to SCARF]

**Building Relationships** * Develop sense of responsibility and membership of a community
* Begin to talk about ■ school ■ moving to Reception
* Become **more outgoing** with unfamiliar people, in the safe context of their setting
* Show more **confidence** in new social situations
* **Play with one or more other children**, extending and elaborating play ideas: adult-led and child-initiated
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| **PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT:** □ Gross Motor Skills □ Fine Motor Skills  |
| **Educational Programme:** Physical activity is vital in children’s all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child’s strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practise of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence. |
| **Autumn** | **Spring**  | **Summer**  |
| **Learning Priorities:** Linked to Development Matters |
| **Gross Motor Skills** * Continue to develop **movement skills** of walking and running
* Negotiating space
* Begin to adapt speed / direction to avoid obstacles
* Continue to develop **climbing** skills
* Use stairs using alternate feet
* With support explore climbing frame
* Continue to develop **balancing** skills … *balance*
* Complete low level obstacle courses
* Walk up / down a ramp
* Stand still – hold a poise
* Stand on one leg
* Begin to learn to **jump** [ two feet] and **hop**
* Continue to develop **riding skills** – scooter / trike / balance bike
* Use bike track: □ following track □ right direction [begin to]
* Stop / start
* Continue to develop **ball skills**
* Rolling (partner / circle games)
* Kicking
* Begin to use **large-muscle movements** to
* Wave flags and streamers (top to bottom / anti-clockwise)
* Paint and make marks (top to bottom / anti-clockwise)

**Fine Motor Skills** * *Learn to use the toilet with help, and then independently*.
* Begin to show a preference for a **dominant hand**
* Begin to learn to use a fork
* Begin to get **dressed independently** for outdoor play – coat / hat
* Use some **one-handed tools and equipment**
* Across provision e.g.: □ Pouring / filling □ Stirring / mixing □ Rolling pin / cutters □ Painting / Drawing / mark making …
* Begin to develop a **comfortable grip** when using pencils / pen
* Model and encourage a tripod grip
 | **Gross Motor Skills** * Continue to develop movement of walking and running
* Continue to develop climbing skills
* Different heights using **alternate feet**
* Continue to develop **balancing** skills / **stand still**
* Jump and hop with confidence
* Begin to learn to **skip**
* Travel like different animals [ waddle like a penguin / stomp like a bear / tiptoe like a cat]
* Continue to develop **riding** skills
* Regulate speed e.g. *slowing down when needed*
* Continue to develop **ball skills** (using balloons / large balls)
* Throwing / catching
* Use **large muscle movements**
* Circular movements / cross the mid-line activities
* Begin to remember some **sequences and patterns of movement** related to music and rhythm
* Marching / walking on tip toes to the beat of the music
* Begin to take part in some group activities
* Begin to match developing physical skills to tasks and activities in setting
* Choose the right resource to carry out chosen plan
* Begin to **collaborate with others** to manage large items
* Work in partnership with adult / peer to move a larger object

**Fine Motor Skills** * Show preference a for a **dominant hand**
* Begin to use a knife
* Increase **independence getting dressed** and undressed
* Getting ready for outdoor play
* Use a range of **one-handed tools and equipment**
* Across provision e.g: □ Malleable resources □ Mark making resources □ Range of construction resources □ Collage resources □ Transient art materials
* Continue to develop a **comfortable grip with good control** when holding pens and pencils.
 | **Gross Motor Skills** * Begin to **refine movement** of walking and running
* Adapt speed / direction to avoid obstacles
* **Refine climbing and balancing skills**
* Using a range of equipment e.g. *ramps / tyres / crates*
* Develop skill of **skipping** in an open space
* Continue to develop riding skills – regulating speed / stopping and starting
* Continue to develop **ball skills**
* Throwing and catching using a range of ball sizes
* Use large muscle movements
* **Crossing the midline**
* Remember some sequences and patterns of movement related to music and rhythm
* Simple repeated patterns e.g*. hop / stop; jump / stop*
* Take part in some **group team activities**
* Sport’s Day
* Match developing physical skills to tasks and activities in setting
* Choose the right resource to carry out chosen plan
* Create dens / obstacle courses
* Collaborate with others to **manage large items**
* Moving large equipment with peers e.g. *tyre / mat*

**Fine Motor Skills** * Use **one-handed tools and equipment**
* Including snipping with scissors
* Range of modelling tools [ rolling pin / cutters / knife]
* **Eat independently** using a knife and fork
* Begin to independent **getting dressed and undressed** – shoes and socks for P.E]
* Use a **comfortable grip with good control** when holding pens and pencils
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| **LITERACY:** □ Reading - Comprehension □ Reading - Word Reading □ Writing  |
| **Educational Programme:** It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Writing involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing). |
| **Autumn** | **Spring**  | **Summer**  |
| **Learning Priorities:** Linked to Development Matters *\* See EY2P Literacy Long Term Plans*  |
| **Phase 1 Phonics / Reading** * Begin to develop **phonological awareness**
* Join in with Phase 1 activities, aspects 1 to 6
* Distinguish between different sounds: □ Environmental Sounds □ Instrumental Sounds □ Body Percussion
* Rhythm and rhyme: begin to develop awareness of words that sound the same
* Alliterative activities, begin to identify words starting with the same phoneme within names
* Explore and copy different voice sounds
* Begin to understand some of the **five key concepts about print**:
* Handle books carefully & correctly [ right way up / turn pages]
* Name some book parts … *front cover, back cover, page, title*
* Print has meaning □ familiar logos □ environmental labels with photograph
* Understand print is read left to right
* *Enjoy* ***sharing a book*** *with an adult*
* One to one Fiction and
* Small group time non-fiction
* Begin to: □ talk about stories □ answer some simple story questions □ make story predictions
* **Read own name with visual support** and use to label e.g. model

**Writing** * *Add some* ***marks to drawings****, which they give meaning to. For example: “That says mummy.*
* *Make marks on picture to represent name*
* Introduce **Squiggle as You Wiggle**
* Explore **Beery Shapes** – lines [vertical & horizontal] and circle
* Begin to **attempt to write name** with some recognisable letters
* **First letter of name**
* To begin to understand that own **marks represent meaning**
* Point to marks / Talk about made marks
* Label using marks
 | **Phase 1 Phonics / Reading** * Continue to develop **phonological awareness**
* Join in with P1 activities, aspects 1 to 7
* Listen, remember & talk about different sounds: □ Environmental □ Instrumental □ Body Percussion
* Rhythm and rhyme: develop awareness of words that sound the same
* Tune into alliterative words, begin to identify / hear some initial phonemes in words
* Explore and begin to talk about different voice sounds
* Begin to participate in oral blending/segmenting activities
* Clap syllables in own name
* Continue to develop an understand the **five key concepts about print:**
* Handle books carefully & correctly [ turn one page at a time]
* Name some book parts …. *title / blub*
* Print has meaning – recognise some new logos
* Begin to understand what a word – count in book title
* Follow print left to right and begin to use 1:1 correspondence
* Know where to start reading … *first*
* **Talk about stories** □ answer some story questions □ make story predictions
* **Read own name** without visual support
* Begin to **count letters in name** [ left to right]

**Writing** * Form **Beery Shapes** – lines and circle and begin to form +
* Begin to use some print / letter knowledge in writing
* Symbols – lines / circles
* Recognisable letters ascribe meaning
* Left to right directionality / point to directionality
* Top to bottom directionality
* Begin to engage in **purposeful mark marking**
* **Sequence letters in name** in the correct order [ letter cards]
* Attempt to **write name**, using name card, with some recognisable letters, some correctly formed
 | **Phase 1 Phonics / Reading** * Develop **phonological awareness**
* Join in with P1 activities, aspects 1 to 7
* Listen, remember & talk about different sounds with increasing vocabulary: □ Environmental □ Instrumental □ Body Percussion
* Talk about rhyming words and begin to create rhyming strings
* Hear and say initial sounds in words
* Explore and talk about different voice sounds, enunciating some phoneme correctly
* Participate in oral blending/segmenting activities
* Clap syllables in words
* Use the **five key concepts about print:**
* Identify a word in a sentence and understand it carries meaning
* Identify a letter in a word
* Name parts of book and show awareness of page number … *page number*
* Continue to develop understanding of word / letter
* Follow print, know it is read from top to bottom & use 1:1 correspondence
* **Talk about stories with increasing detail** □ answer range of questions □ make story predictions
* **Read own name** in a variety of fonts/context
* Introduction of **pre-phase 2 GPCs** [Monster Phonics]

**Writing** * Form all **Beery Shapes** – lines, circle and +
* Use knowledge of print / letter knowledge in writing

 * Recognisable letters ascribe
* Left to right / top to bottom directionality meaning
* Top to bottom directionality
* Begin to **match some letters to phonemes** e.g. m for mummy
* Engage in **purposeful early writing**
* **Write name**, from memory, with correct letter formation
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| **MATHEMATICS:** □ Numerical Pattern □ Number  |
| **Educational Programme:** Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, ‘have a go’, talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes. |
| **Autumn** | **Spring**  | **Summer**  |
| **Learning Priorities:** Linked to Development Matters 2021 *\* See EY2P Maths Long Term Plans* |
| **Numerical Pattern / Number*** Begin to compare quantities *… group, lots, more, same, less*
* Sort, match and label groups
* Find the group with more / the same / less
* Notice, identify and talk about patterns around them
* Clothing – *spotty / stripey*
* Autumn
* Begin to copy and talk about a pattern – *ABAB*
* Patterns with objects / actions
* Give pattern a name
* Begin to recite numbers to 5 in correct order
* Explore 1:1 correspondence
* Heuristic play free exploration
* Begin to say one number for each item to 3
* Join in with number rhymes / songs with props & actions
* Use some number names in play

**Shape, Space & Measure** * Begin to select shapes for appropriate tasks
* Show interest in shapes in the environment
* Manipulate and turn shapes
* Begin to talk about shapes …*. round, pointy, spotty, stripy*
* Make comparisons between objects using appropriate vocabulary
* Size … *big / small / bigger / smaller*
* Understand positional language within daily routine … *in / on / under*
* Begin to understand the language of time within the daily routine … *next, later, after*
 | **Numerical Pattern / Number** * Sort and match objects accordingly e.g. *size / shape*
* Name and talk about patterns
* Continue and talk about a pattern – *ABAB*
* Name objects in pattern / what comes next
* Begin to spot a mistake in a pattern
* Recite numbers to 5 continued string
* Join in with number rhymes to 5 using props and fingers
* Use fingers to represent numbers with increasing accuracy
* Number rhymes
* Count objects of interest / within play
* Begin to compare quantities using … *more than / fewer than*
* Fast recognition of objects up to 1 and sometimes 2 – subitising
* Begin to count up to sets of 5 objects (1:1 correspondence)
* Use some numbers names in play with some accuracy
* Use skill of counting - one-to-one correspondence
* Begin to represent numbers with marks
* When asked, give marks numerical meaning

**Shape, Space & Measure** * Select shapes appropriately in a range of contexts
* Begin to select specific shapes with purpose
* Begin to combine shapes to make new ones
* Talk about shapes
* *Big / small / circle / square*
* Make comparisons between objects using appropriate vocabulary
* *Bigger / smaller / taller*
* Understand positional language … *up / down / next to*
* Begin to use some language of time within the daily routine
* *Morning / afternoon / night time*
* Begin to describe a familiar route (key landmarks)
* Begin to describe a sequence of events *… first, next*
 | **Numerical Pattern / Number** * Extend and create ABAB patterns
* Begin to spot and correct a mistake
* Recite numbers past 5
* Begin to start counting from a different number
* Count backwards from 5
* Show ‘finger numbers’ up to 5.
* Join in a range of number rhymes to 5 using props and fingers
* Fast recognition of up to 3 objects – subitising
* Recognise when a number is ‘not three’
* Say one number for each item in order: 1,2,3,4,5
* Secure 1:1 correspondence
* Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total (‘cardinal principle’).
* Within in a range of contexts
* Link numerals and amounts up to 5
* Within in a range of contexts
* Experiment with own symbols and marks as well as numerals
* Talk about made marks and ascribe meaning
* Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5
* Compare quantities using language: ‘more than’, ‘fewer than’

**Shape, Space & Measure** * Talk about 2D shapes using some correct vocabulary
* Explore 3D shapes and begin to talk about some of their properties
* Understand and use positional language
* Following instructions / describe a simple route … *behind / on top of / after / underneath*
* Make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity … *heavy / light / heavier / lighter*
* Select shapes appropriately: flat surfaces for building, a triangular prism for a roof etc
* 2D through collage / 3D through construction
* Combine shapes to make new ones
* Begin to talk about properties … *flat, pointy* ….
 |
| **UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD □** Past and Present(KS1: History) |
| **Educational Programme:** Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children’s personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children’s vocabulary will support later reading comprehension. |
| **Autumn** | **Spring**  | **Summer**  |
| **Learning Priorities:** Linked to Development Matters 2021 |
| **Chronology** **The Big Picture of Events Across Time:** * Understand and follow the daily routine with the use of a visual timetable
* Begin to develop an understanding of special events that don’t happen every day - *Grandparents Day / Harvest Festival*
* Begin to develop an awareness of the different seasons – *Autumn / falling leaves / wind / rain*

**Sequence:*** Begin to predict what might happen next within the daily routine, including the sequence of *morning and afternoon*
* Understand *daytime* and *nighttime*
* Understand and engage in key events to complete an activity e.g. *washing hands before snack time*

**Duration:*** Begin to understand that activities are different in lengths of time e.g. *short / long* story

**Sense of period:** * Understand that they were once a baby / toddler … when I was a *baby / toddler …*

**Own / Family History** * Begin to make sense of their own life history
* When I was a baby ….  *baby / new / grow*
* The people in my family …. *family / brother / sister*
* My birthday …. *birthday / party / presents / special time*
* Special celebration e.g. *Diwali / Christmas … celebration / nativity story*

**Figures / Characters, Settings and Events from the Past** * Begin to develop an awareness of different characters through traditional nursery rhymes and stories – *Doctor Foster / Ms Polly had a Dolly / The Gingerbread Man*
* Begin to develop a sense of a ‘long time ago’

 | **Chronology** **The Big Picture of Events Across Time:** * Continue to understand that their birthday and some key festivals aren’t celebrated every day, and some days are different from other days - *birthday / special day*
* Continue to develop an awareness of the different seasons and identify some key features – *Winter / snow / ice / frost / Spring / growing*

**Sequence:*** Begin to understand and use the vocabulary of time within the context of the daily routine – *now / next / finished*
* Be aware of beginning and end of a story, and begin to be aware of middle of a story – *beginning / end*
* Begin to use sequencing vocabulary e.g. *now / later*

**Duration:*** Understand that activities are different in lengths of time e.g. *short / long activity; watching seeds grow*
* Begin to develop an awareness of past significant nursery events e.g. *recall autumn walk when going on a winter walk*

**Sense of period:** * Begin to compare past nursery events / experiences … *before*

**Own / Family History** * Continue to make sense of their own life history
* When I started nursery … *sharing floor books*
* My / family birthday (s) …. *birthday / party / presents*
* Special nursery times / events … Easter / Chinese New Year … *celebration / special time*

**Figures / Characters, Settings and Events from the Past** * Continue to develop an awareness of different characters through traditional nursery rhymes and stories – Jack and Jill / The Enormous Turnip
* Begin to develop an awareness of events through traditional nursery rhymes and stories
* Continue to develop an awareness of different characters, settings and events through stories
 | **Chronology** **The Big Picture of Events Across Time:** * Understand that their birthday and some key festivals aren’t celebrated every day, and some days are different from other days - *birthday / special day*
* Continue to develop an awareness of the different seasons – Summer / sun / warm

**Sequence:*** Understand and begin to use the vocabulary of time within the context of the daily routine – *later / next / after ….*
* Know and talk about beginning, middle and end of a story / event
* *beginning / middle / end*

**Duration:*** Begin to recite the days of the week – *days of the week names*
* Begin to know that some days are different e.g. *school days, weekends at home, music day ….*

**Sense of period:** * Develop an awareness of past significant nursery events – recall events using floor books / photographs as a stimulus and using past tense
* Compare past events / experiences … *before*

**Own Family History** * Continue to make sense of their own life history
* When I started nursery
* My / family birthday (s) …. *birthday / party / presents*
* Share family trips / visits … *journey / place*
* Share family celebrations … *special time / celebration*

**Figures / Characters, Settings and Events from the Past** * Develop an awareness characters and events through traditional nursery rhymes and stories – Incy Wincy Spider / The Ugly Duckling
* Develop an awareness of different settings through traditional nursery rhymes and stories
* Begin to develop a sense of a ‘long time ago’
 |
| **UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD □** People, Culture & Communities(KS1: R.E ) |
| **Educational Programme:** Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children’s personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children’s vocabulary will support later reading comprehension. |
| **Autumn** | **Spring**  | **Summer**  |
| **Learning Priorities:** Linked to Development Matters  |
| **Self Awareness** * Continue to develop an awareness of self
* Talk about some of the things that make them unique [ link to R.E programme]
* Identify own likes and dislikes

**My Family and Other Families** * Begin to make connections between the features of own family and other families
* Talk about own family
* Listen to others as they talk about their family
* Begin to develop an awareness of different types of families
* Enjoy joining in with family customs and routines
* Remember and share some family events / special times with others
* Imitate everyday actions / events from family life [domestic role play – The New Baby / Celebrations]

**Friendships** * Develop friendships
* Name friend /s
* Play collaboratively with a friend / s

**Different Cultures** * Continue to develop positive attitudes about the differences between people
* Demonstrate awareness and appreciate of own physical features
* Begin to develop an awareness of special times / events / celebrations through:
* First hand experiences from home
* First hand experiences within nursery to reflect on own culture and that of others
 | **Self Awareness** * Continue to develop an awareness of self
* Talk about things that make them unique
* Talk about own likes and dislikes
* Begin to compare likes / dislikes with those of others

**My Family and Other Families** * Begin to make connections between the features of their family and other families
* Develop an awareness of different types of families
* Remember and share family events / special times with others
* Imitate special events from family life [domestic role play – Cleaning / Cooking]

**Friendships** * Develop friendships
* Play collaboratively with a friend / s
* Show an awareness of likes / dislikes of friends

**Different Cultures** * Continue to develop positive attitudes about the differences between people
* Show appreciation of own physical features and others
* Begin to talk about similarities and differences between themselves and others within nursery / family
* Continue to develop an awareness of special times / events / celebrations through:
* First hand experiences from home
* First hand experiences within nursery to reflect their own culture and that of others
* Begin to develop an awareness of special places for: □ their own family □ friends
 | **Self Awareness** * Begin to identify personal strengths – *I am good at …*
* Develop an awareness of self
* Compare likes / dislikes with those of others

**My Family and Other Families** * Make connections between the features of their family and other families
* Develop an understanding of different types of families
* Remember and share family events / special times with others
* Imitate special events / celebrations from own life and that of others [domestic role play – New Puppy / Holiday Time]

**Friendships** * Develop friendships
* Begin to understand how to treat a friend
* Begin to appreciate likes / dislikes of friends

**Different Cultures** * Continue to develop positive attitudes about the differences between people
* Demonstrate awareness and appreciate of their own physical features and those of others
* Talk about similarities and differences between themselves and others within nursery / family
* Develop an awareness of different special times / events / celebrations, own and others, through:
* First hand experiences from home
* First hand experiences within nursery to reflect their own culture and that of others
* Develop an awareness of special places for: □ their own family □ friends

  |
| **UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD □** People, Culture & Communities(KS1: Human Geography) **□** Natural World(KS1: Physical Geography) |
| **Educational Programme:** Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children’s personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children’s vocabulary will support later reading comprehension |
| **Autumn** | **Spring**  | **Summer**  |
| **Learning Priorities:** Linked to Development Matters  |
| **Different Occupations** * Begin to show interest in and name some different occupations through:
* Personal visits – *doctors / dentist* / *hairdressers*
* Visitors into school ... *school nurse* / *photographer*
* Texts and role play opportunities … *doctor / dentist / hairdresser*

**Local Environment** * Become familiar with the indoor and outdoor learning environment, including those used for self-care routines
* Name and know the purposes of different spaces
* Become familiar with some key school spaces
* Name and know the purposes of some different spaces –*hall*
* Talk about where they live
* Describe some key features – *house / door / windows / garden / bedroom …*
* Begin to understand that friends / people live in different types of houses / homes
* Participate in autumn walk
* School grounds - observe / name key features
* Post box - observe / name key features

**Natural World*** Begin to use some senses in hands on exploration of natural materials when getting to know new outdoor learning space
* Experience and talk about weather / changes to the environment – *rain, wind, leaves falling, bare trees …*
* Begin to explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties.
* Autumn collection …. *leaves, pinecones, conkers, twigs …*
* Talk about what they see, beginning to use a wider vocabulary
* Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment – *nursery outdoor learning space ... care / carefully*
 | **Different Occupations** * Continue to show interest in different occupations and talk about the through:
* Personal visits
* Videos... *Vet / zoo keeper looking after penguins; farmer*
* Texts and role play opportunities … *Vet / zoo keeper / farmer / gardener*

**Local Environment / Different Places** * Participate in winter and spring walks around the school grounds
* Point out and name some familiar places
* Learn the names of some new places and buildings
* Talk about observations
* Begin to know that there are different places
* Watch a video of penguins in natural environment

 * Watch a video of animals on the farm [ name some key features]

**Natural World*** Visit school garden and share observations
* Begin to use all their senses in hands on exploration of natural materials within learning space / local environment
* Develop curiosity and involvement
* Begin to talk about likes / dislikes of different materials
* Begin to explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties.
* Make a group of warm Winter clothes
* Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment
* Look after the birds
* Begin to know that there are different places in the world
* Watch a video of penguins in natural environment
* Talk about the environment where penguins live in their natural habitat – snow / ice / cold / sea
* Experience and talk about different weather
* Begin to talk about likes and dislikes
* Identify and talk about seasonal changes – *snow, ice, cold, freezing, melting ..*
 | **Different Occupations** * Continue to show interest in different occupations and talk about them through:
* Personal trips – going on a *bus / train / plane*
* Videos...  *building site / different vehicles*
* Visits …. *emergency services / police*
* Texts and role play opportunities …

**Local Environment / Different Places** * Know that there are different places
* Watch a video of ducks on a **pond** / fish in the **sea** at the beach
* Participate in summer walk around the school grounds and to the local shops / area
* Identify different types of vehicles – car / bus / lorry ...
* Identify different features linked to transport – road / traffic lights …
* Begin to understand that different places and buildings in the local community have different purposes
* Name some different buildings within the local community
* Explore key events that happen in some familiar buildings
* Learn the names of some new places and buildings – *different shops / services*
* Observe and name different types of local transport
* Begin to talk about different countries through holidays / stories

**Natural World*** Use all senses in hands on exploration of natural materials
* Begin to explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties.
* Make a group of cool summer clothes
* Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary.
* Begin to understand the need to respect / care for all living things.
* Talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice
* Add different materials to water e.g. flour / sand
* Experience and talk about different weather / seasonal changes
* Talk about likes and dislikes and begin to give reasons
 |
| **UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD □** Natural World(KS1: Science) |
| **Educational Programme:** Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children’s personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children’s vocabulary will support later reading comprehension. |
| **Autumn** | **Spring**  | **Summer**  |
| * Talk about what they see, hear and feel begin to use a wider vocabulary
* Begin to talk about some likes / dislikes

**Living Things – Animals (including humans) and plants** * Identify and name main body parts
* Explore and understand the use of some body parts
* Name and talk about different pets
* Begin to develop an understanding of life cycles
* Own growth sequence
* Match and name baby to adult pet – *puppy / dog, kitten / cat*
* Name some different woodland animals
* Begin to understand that trees / plants and flowers are living things and need to be cared for
* Learn to touch living things carefully
* Begin to explore different animal habitats linked to autumn time

**Materials** * Begin to use some senses in hands on exploration of natural materials, developing curiosity:
* Free exploration
* Identifying likes / dislikes
* Begin to explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties
* Collect a group of autumn objects and name
* Experiment with grouping / sorting different objects by theme / property e.g. Autumn collection …. *leaves, pine cones, conkers, twigs …*

**How Things Work** * Explore how familiar things work
* Favourite toy
* Decoration
* Explore different forces and begin to use language of *push and pull*
* Push toys
* Pull toys
 | * Talk about what they see, hear and feel use a wider vocabulary
* Talk about some likes / dislikes

**Living Things – Animals (including humans) and plants** * Explore how to keep selves warm in Winter – *clothes / moving*
* Explore penguins and name different body parts
* Explore and name some other animals that like swimming in cold water – *seals, polar bears, whales,* *sharks, fish, walrus …*
* Explore some animal habitats linked to wintertime. How do they look? How do they move? What is the same / different?
* Look after the birds
* Continue to develop an understanding of life cycles
* Planting / observing seeds growing

**Materials** * Begin to use all their senses in hands on exploration of natural materials, developing curiosity
* Develop curiosity and involvement when exploring different materials
* Begin to talk about some properties of different materials – *same / different -* *hard / soft / wet / dry / cold / warm*
* Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties
* Begin to name some common materials – *wood, plastic,* *metal …*
* Begin to experiment with grouping / sorting different objects by property or material e.g. *things that hard / soft; float / sink*
* Begin to notice how properties of materials change e.g. *things that melt when left in the sun (ice); adding water to flour*
* Talk about what they see, continuing to use a wider vocabulary
* Begin to observe and talk about natural processes – *water freezing / snow falling / ice and snow melting – water / ice / snow / frozen / melting*

**How Things Work** * Explore and talk about different forces they can feel ... *push / pull*. Is the object easy or hard to push / pull?
* Explore mechanical toys
 | * Talk about what they see, hear and feel use a wider vocabulary
* Talk about likes / dislikes

**Living Things – Animals (including humans) and plants** * Explore how to keep self cool in summer and sun safe
* Continue to develop an understanding of life cycles
* Ducks hatching from eggs [ video]
* Name and talk about different pond animals. Talk about where they live and what they look like.
* Name and talk about different fish and creatures in the sea
* Name and talk about different minibeasts. Talk about where they live and what they look like.
* Take care of living things in nursery outdoor space

**Materials** * Use all their senses in hands on exploration of a range of materials extending curiosity
* Name common materials
* Describe properties of favourite materials
* Make some simple comparisons between materials
* Talks about likes / dislikes and begin to give some reasons
* Group materials and begin to label - *wood, plastic,* *metal …*
* Notice how properties of materials change – *cold water becoming warm in the sun …*

**How Things Work** * Explore and talk about different forces and how they feel on some different surfaces ... *push / pull*
* Explore mechanical toys and talk about how they move
* Explore how vehicles travel on ramps of different gradients .. *fast / slow / far / near*
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| **EXPRESSIVE ARTS & DESIGN:** □ Creating with Materials (KS1 Art & Design / DT)  |
| **Educational Programme:** The development of children’s artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe. |
| **Autumn** | **Spring**  | **Summer**  |
| **Learning Priorities:** Linked to Development Matters  |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Colour** * Free colour mixing exploration

**Drawing** * Different media, including transient art materials
* Free exploration / mark making
* Creating lines - □ top to bottom □ left to right [Beery Shapes]
* Creating circles [ Beery Shapes]
* Begin to draw self-portrait: □ face □ whole body
* Make representations liked to experiences / quality texts: □ family □ pet □ autumn □ event / celebration

**Painting -** introducing printing* Using range of large tools – *foam rollers, sponges, chunky paint brushes,* *hands / fingers*
* Welly prints in mud
* Printing using body parts
* Printing □ lines □ circles [ linked to Beery Shapes]
* Printing using autumn materials [leaves / twigs]

**Paper / Materials** * Free collage … introduction to joining with glue

**Sculpture / 3D** * Free exploration with playdough using:
* Range of cutters
* Range of tools (including scissors)

 * Create playdough
* Self-portrait of face using googly eyes and other materials to represent features
* Explore with recycled materials to make 3D shapes
* Join pieces together using glue

   | **Colour** * Colour mixing exploration – naming colours

**Drawing** * Different media, including transient art materials
* Free exploration / mark making
* Creating: □ lines □ circles [ Beery Shapes]
* Creating cross shapes [Beery Shapes]
* Begin to draw self-portrait with more detail: □ face □ whole body
* to show different emotions in drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear etc.
* Make representations liked to experiences / quality texts: □ family □ pet □ autumn □ event / celebration

**Painting –** exploring different techniques* Printing using vegetables
* Splatter painting
* Bubble painting
* Ice cube painting (different coloured ice cubes)

**Paper / Materials** * Free collage … joining with glue and begin to use tape
* Ripping paper
* Using scissors to snip paper
* Introduction to different textured paper / materials

**Sculpture / 3D** … begin to create with purpose* Create playdough
* Eggs
* Birthday cakes with candles
* Penguin / winter animals / Jasper (characters in focus text)
* Explore with recycled materials to make 3D shapes
* Begin to join pieces together using tape
* Explore different materials freely and begin to develop own ideas about how to use them and what to make
* Make a penguin / bear / cat
* Make a home for a penguin / bear / cat
 | **Colour** * Colour mixing exploration – talking about observed changes

**Drawing** * Different media, including transient art materials
* Free exploration / mark making
* Creating: □ lines □ circles □ crosses
* Creating squares
* Create enclosed shapes to make representations
* Self / family member / friend
* Animals / vehicles (characters in focus texts)
* Event / celebration
* Use drawing to represent ideas like movement
* Journeys (left to right)
* Show different emotions in drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear etc.

**Painting –** exploring different techniques* Printing using
* Animal feet (small world resources)
* Wheels / tyres
* Patterns (wild animals)

 **Paper / Materials** * Free collage … joining with glue and tape
* Cutting paper

**Sculpture / 3D** … create with end goal* Create playdough
* Duck / animals who live on the pond / Walter / minibeasts (characters in focus text)
* Explore with recycled materials to make 3D shapes
* Join pieces together using tape
* Explore different materials freely and develop own ideas about how to use them and what to make
* Vehicles
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| **EXPRESSIVE ARTS & DESIGN:** □ Being Imaginative& Expressive(KS1 Music / Preforming Arts) |
| **Educational Programme:** The development of children’s artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe. |
| **Autumn** | **Spring**  | **Summer**  |
| **Learning Priorities:** Linked to Development Matters |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Role Play / Drama*** Begin to take part in pretend play
* Imitate home experiences
* Home corner – new baby / celebrations
* Bike track – going to the shop / positing a card
* Imitate life experiences linked to different seasons
* Celebrations: Birthday party … *cards / presents*
* Begin to create own small world scenes linked to interests
* Participate in oral text retelling with actions linked to focus texts - *imitation*
* Begin to create simple stories using small world linked to
* Own experiences (my home / nursery)
* Events / celebrations
* Rhymes / stories

**Music / Performance** * Listen with increased attention to sounds
* Tune into body percussion sounds ... *body parts*
* Begin to move to a steady beat … *beat / march …*
* Sing and remember some simple rhymes and songs
* Play instruments with increasing control
* Free exploration of musical instruments
* Learn to play: □ tapping □ banging □ shaking
 | **Role Play / Drama*** Take part in pretend play
* Imitate home experiences
* Home corner – cleaning / washing
* Bike Track – animal rescue
* Imitate life experiences linked to different seasons
* Celebrations: Chinese New Year / Mother’s Day
* Participate in oral text retelling with actions linked to focus texts – *imitation & innovation*
* Create own small world scenes linked to interests and begin to create linked to focus texts
* Take part in simple pretend play and begin to using an object to represent something else
* Create simple stories using small world linked to
* Own experiences (my home / nursery)
* Events / celebrations
* Rhymes / stories

**Music / Performance** * Begin to respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings.
* Begin to remember and sing entire songs
* Winter / themed songs
* Begin to sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person (‘pitch match’).
* Begin to sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs.
* Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas
* Happy Feet Penguin Band / Dance
 | **Role Play / Drama*** Take part in pretend play, extending narrative
* Imitate home experiences
* Home corner – New puppy / holiday time
* Bike Track – Car wash /Police and traffic wardens
* Imitate life experiences linked to different seasons
* Celebrations
* Participate in oral text retelling with actions linked to focus texts – *imitation, innovation and invention*
* Take part in simple pretend play using an object to represent something else
* Make imaginative and complex ‘small worlds’
* Using a variety of available open-ended materials and resources
* Create simple stories, extending narrative, using small world linked to
* Own experiences (my home / nursery)
* Events / celebrations
* Rhymes / stories

**Music / Performance** * Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings.
* Remember and sing entire songs.
* Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person (‘pitch match’).
* Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs.
* Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know
* Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas
* Minibeast Band
* Going on a journey
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